

## Advances in Critical Cleaning

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# Aqueous Cleaning Costs Explored in New Study by MicroCare

The cleaning experts at MicroCare have just completed a highly detailed study comparing the costs of aqueous cleaning to the costs of vapor degreasing cleaning. This study was managed by Mr. Rob Lee, of MicroCare, and incorporates the latest information from industry sources, customer experiences and equipment makers.

"In many companies and regions of the world, there is very little knowledge about solvent cleaning," Mr. Lee explained. "People default to the water-based cleaning choice because they are not aware that proven, reliable and safe solvent alternatives are available and will cost less."



The results of the study were surprising. "The cost-per-part-cleaned of a well-tuned vapor degreaser can be as little as 1/10<sup>th</sup> the costs of an aqueous cleaner," Mr. Lee reports. His team further calculated the capacity of a vapor degreaser is almost three times greater than the capacity of a similar-sized aqueous cleaning systems, all other factors being equal.

#### **Difficult Comparisons**

The catalyst for the study, according to Mr. Lee,

was the repeated confusion amongst customers about the difference between the cost of aqueous cleaning fluids — which often are 99% water — versus the cost of solvent cleaners, which are carefully engineered synthetic molecules formulated specifically for cleaning. Vapor degreasing systems are preferred for critical cleaning applications involving complex shapes, delicate substrates, maximum throughput or the highest cleaning standards.

At the heart of the confusion is the fact that aqueous cleaners and solvent cleaners operate completely differently. Aqueous cleaners generally use longer cleaning cycles, high-pressure sprays, expensive detergents and complicated drying systems to clean parts. In contrast, vapor degreasers use subtle chemical engineering to replace the brute-force cleaning of aqueous systems.

These differences mean that vapor degreasers typically are better at cleaning small shapes — such as printed circuit boards — or complex shapes, tight stand-

#### About MicroCare

MicroCare Corp. is an industry-leading manufacturer of high-performance products used for critical cleaning, coating and lubrication. These products and tools improve quality, reduce operating costs and help protect the environment. Since 1983 MicroCare has helped clients improve their processes in industries as diverse as electronics assembly. telecommunications. aerospace and transportation, medical devices and other precision cleaning applications. MicroCare is constantly innovating new cleaning products and processes to help customers reduce costs and improve quality.

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#03-01 Citilink Warehouse 102E, Pasir Panjang Road Singapore 118529 Tel: +(65) 6271 0182 Email: Sales@microcare.sg offs and/or blind holes. They also clean more quickly and more gently. A simple, ill-formed comparison of the per-liter cost of the cleaning fluids leads to distorted conclusions.

#### Study Design

The study analyzed the main cost elements of operating two comparable precision cleaning systems. The comparative unit was "equivalent basket size" which defines the size of the largest components that can be cleaned in any given machine. To enable meaningful comparisons, the total cost of ownership then is normalized as a "cost-per-part-cleaned" over the life of the cleaning system.

"This actually was a 'best-case' scenario for the water cleaning option because, size-for-size, a vapor degreaser has far higher throughput than an aqueous cleaner," Mr. Lee noted. "If we had modeled costs based on 'equivalent throughput' (parts-per-hour) then the aqueous cleaner would typically have been three or four times larger and even more expensive."

Mr. Lee's team analyzed the costs in two general categories: acquisition costs and operating costs. Acquisition costs included the price of the machine, installation, retrofits to factory spaces and the cost of capital. Operating costs included consumable solvents and detergents, electrical, floor space and incidental expenses such as filters and waste disposal.

Many assumptions were required in this analysis. For example, the specifications from different equipment manufacturers indicated benchmark vapor degreasers used 7 kilowatts of power while equivalent aqueous cleaners used 19 kilowatts. U.S. electrical costs were assumed, although energy costs in Europe and Asia are far higher. Mr. Lee's team also assumed a floor space cost of \$125/sq. ft. (approx. \$1345 per sq. mtr.); obviously this will vary by region. Similar calibrations were developed on labor, waste disposal costs, and other significant factors. A spreadsheet was developed that companies can use to "plug in" their own specific costs to develop localized cleaning cost estimates.

#### For Your Own Copy

For a copy of the study results, including the spreadsheet which can be used to develop costs specific to your company, contact contact Rob Lee at MicroCare Corp. at RobLee@MicroCare.com.

### **Products Mentioned in This Newsletter**



MicroCare provides vapor degreasing fluids under the MicroCare, Tergo™, Vertrel® and Bromothane® brands. The evidence is indisputable that most companies save money by switching to vapor degreasing. The report is entitled "The Estimated Lifecycle Cost of Cleaning System Ownership" and is available from MicroCare. For more details contact Mr. Rob Lee at RobLee@MicroCare.com.